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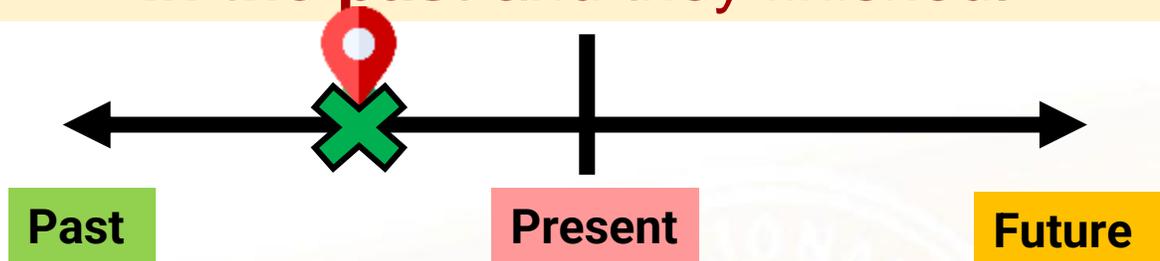
**TOPICS: Simple past (Irregular verbs),
Prepositions of movement, Objects
pronouns**

**CICLO
PREUNIVERSITARIO
2024-1**



SIMPLE PAST: IRREGULAR VERBS

To talk about **actions that happened in the past** and they finished.



Irregular verbs make the past form in different ways.
Their past forms do not end in -ed.

drink → drank

Adele **drank** wine yesterday.



go → went

Marco **went** to school last week.



Some irregular verbs

Present	Past	
break	broke	
blow	blew	
build	built	
drink	drank	
drive	drove	
fly	flew	
eat	ate	

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Common **time expressions** used with the past tense:



Examples:

see



saw

My sister **saw** her friends last week.



take



took

I **took** a photo of Machu Picchu
in 2022.



Some irregular verbs don't change their form

Base form

hit

put

set



Past Tense

hit

put

set

Examples:

- They **hit** the window with their umbrella (right now).
- They **hit** the window with their umbrella (yesterday).



Exercise 1

Complete the conversation.

Last week Mary **had** an accident. She **broke** her leg and now she can't walk. That day Mary **left** school at 1 o'clock and **went** to a coffee shop. Afterwards, she quickly **ran** to the bus stop and **got** on the bus. Later, when she crossed the street, a car **hit** her.

got

had

broke

left

ran

hit

went



AFFIRMATIVE FORM



+ **irregular verb** + **complement**.

Examples:



Cynthia **ate** with her mother **yesterday**.



Roberto **built** a campfire **last week**.



NEGATIVE FORM



+ **didn't** + **verb (base form)** + complement.

Examples:



You **didn't buy** tickets for the circus.



They **didn't swim** 400 meters.



QUESTION FORM



Did +  + **verb (base form)** + **complement** + ?

Example:



Did you **make** a cake for your **last birthday**?
Yes, I **did**. / No, I **didn't**.



**WH-
WORD**

Did +  + **verb (base form)** + **complement** + ?



Why **did** you **make** a cake for your **last birthday**?

Because I **didn't** **have** enough money to buy one.

EXCEPTION
Verb
TO BE



Never use **did not** or **didn't** with the verb **to be**.



WRONG:

You ~~didn't~~ are good at soccer.

Instead, we use: **WAS or WERE + NOT.**

RIGHT:

I
He
She
It

was not
wasn't

at the store

We
You
They

were not
weren't

at the store

Choose the correct answer.

Exercise 2

1. We _____ Paella yesterday.
 a) ate b) eat c) hear



2. Last month Charles _____ at the beach.
 a) swam b) set c) threw



3. His friends _____ his birthday.
 a) took  b) forgot c) heard



4. Last summer, my dad _____ a novel.
 a) wrote b) drew c) made



5. The cat _____ a lot of milk.
 a) taken  b) drank c) took



PREPOSITIONS OF MOVEMENT

Preposition of movement are **used to show movement** from one place to another.

They are found **after the verb**.

Into

Out of

Around

Towards

Past

Onto

Off

From

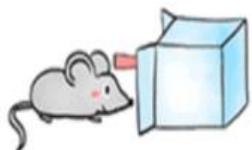
To

Along

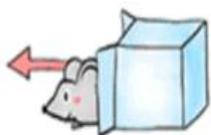
Through

Across

PREPOSITIONS OF MOVEMENT



into the box



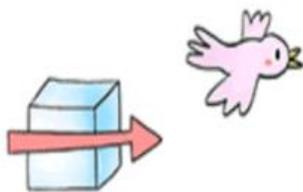
out of the box



around the box



toward the box



past the box



onto the box



off the box



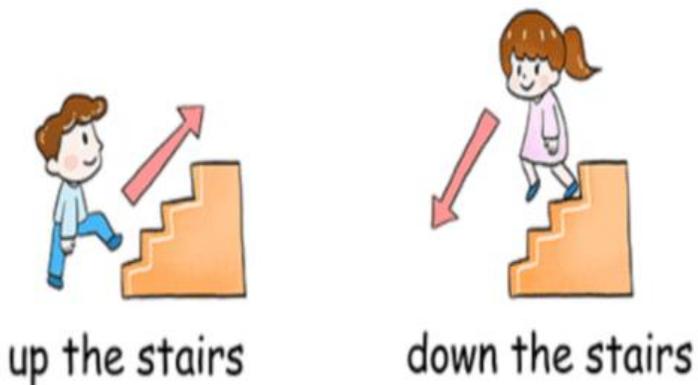
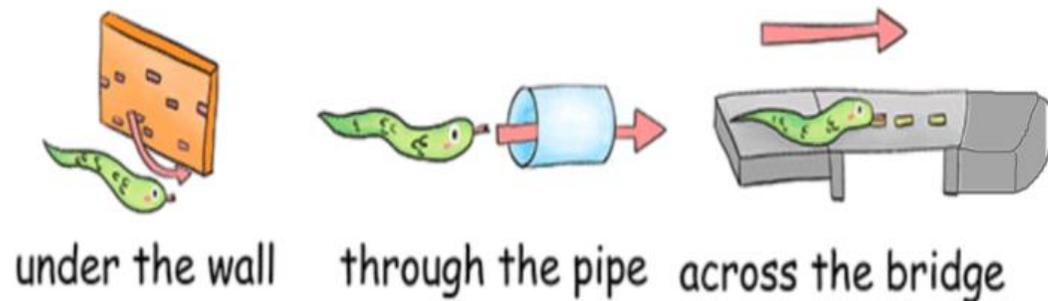
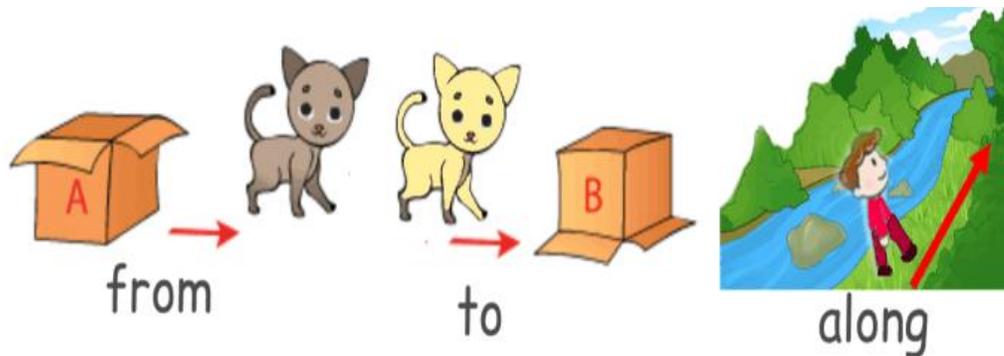
over the box

- **into**: The mouse walks **into** the box.
- **out of**: The mouse walks **out of** the box.
- **around**: The cat walks **around** the box.

- **toward/towards**: The birds fly **towards** the box.
- **past**: The bird flies **past** the box.

- **on to/onto**: The frog jumps **onto** the box.
- **off**: The frog jumps **off** the box.
- **over**: The frog jumps **over** the box.

PREPOSITIONS OF MOVEMENT



- **from**: The cat walks **from** point A.
- **to**: The cat walks **to** point B.
- **across**: The boy walks **along** the river.

- **under**: The snake digs **under** the wall.
- **through**: The snake moves **through** the pipe.
- **across**: The snake moves **across** the bridge.

- **up**: The boy walks **up** the stairs.
- **down**: The girl walks **down** the stairs.

Exercise 3

Choose the correct answer.

1.- She was walking _____ the fog.

- a) around **★** through c) up



2. He is coming _____ Canada.

- ★** from b) across c) into



3. The car goes _____ the main street.

- ★** along b) under c) from

4. The secretary walks _____ the office.

- a) on **★** into c) down



5. I walked _____ my house _____ the office.

- a) to – from b) from – by **★** from- to

OBJECT PRONOUNS

Object pronouns are those **pronouns that receive the action** in a sentence.

Object pronouns always go **after the verb**.

Subject

Object



ME



You



HIM



HER

Subject

Object



IT



You



US



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Examples:



I call **him** every day.



We visit **you** on Sundays.



Music is important to **her**.



Exercise 4

Choose the right pronoun.

1. A: Sheila is here.

B: Sorry, I don't know _____.

a) she



her

c) him



2. A: Are they coming to the party?

B: Yes, I really like _____.



them

b) us

c) her



3. A: Where is my dog?

B: It's under the couch. I see _____.



It

b) them

c) his



4. A: Where did you buy your pants?

B: I don't remember where I bought _____.

b) him

b) it

c) them





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